

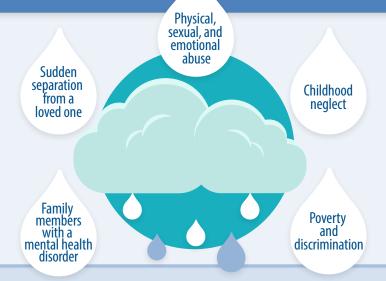
## 10 KEY INGREDIENTS FOR TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

As health care providers become aware of the harmful effects of trauma on physical and mental health, they are increasingly recognizing the value of trauma-informed approaches to care.



## **WHAT IS TRAUMA?**

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) describes trauma as events or circumstances experienced by an individual as physically or emotionally harmful or life-threatening, which result in adverse effects on the individual's functioning and well-being.





## → WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF **TRAUMA ON HEALTH?**

The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study, conducted by the CDC and Kaiser Permanente, revealed that the more an individual is exposed to a variety of stressful and potentially traumatic experiences, the greater the risk for chronic health conditions and health-risk behaviors later in life.





## HOW CAN PROVIDERS BECOME TRAUMA-INFORMED?

**Trauma-informed care** acknowledges that understanding a patient's life experiences is key to potentially improving engagement and outcomes while lowering unnecessary utilization.

In order to be successful, trauma-informed care must be adopted at the organizational and clinical levels.



Organizational practices reorient the culture of a health care setting to address the potential for trauma in patients and staff:





- Lead and communicate about being trauma-informed
- 2 Engage patients in organizational planning
- Train both clinical and non-clinical staff
- 4 Create a safe physical and emotional environment
- 5 Prevent secondary traumatic stress in staff
- **6** Build a trauma-informed workforce



- 7 Involve patients in the treatment process
- 8 Screen for trauma
- Train staff in trauma-specific treatments
- 10 Engage referral sources and partner organizations



For more details, read CHCS' brief, Key Ingredients for Successful Trauma-Informed Care Implementation. Visit www.chcs.org for additional resources.