

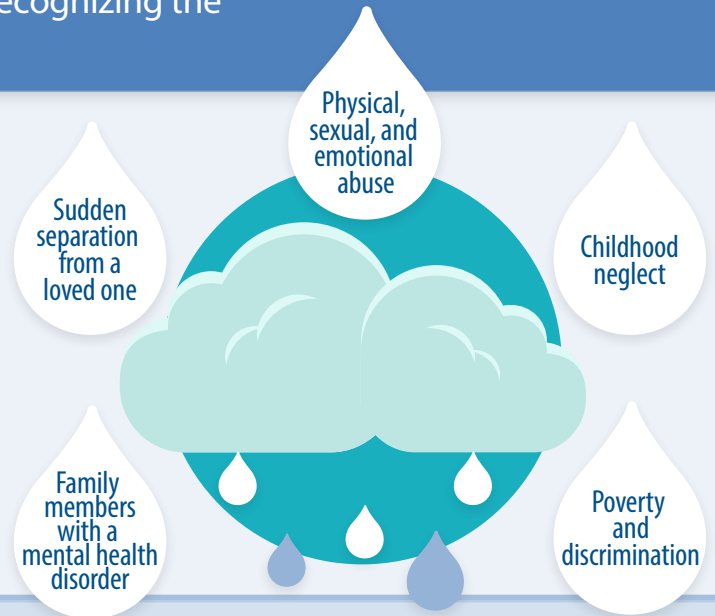


10 KEY INGREDIENTS FOR TRAUMA-INFORMED CARE

As health care providers become aware of the harmful effects of trauma on physical and mental health, they are increasingly recognizing the value of **trauma-informed approaches to care**.

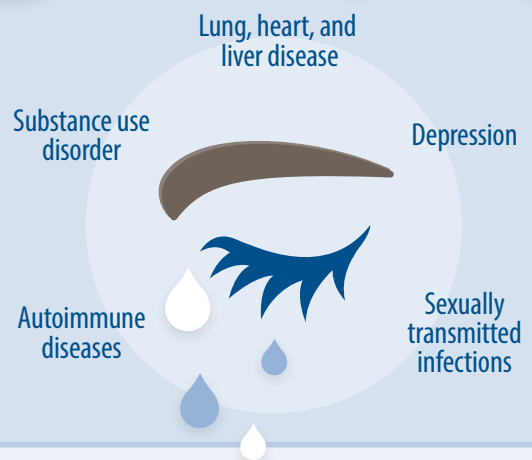
WHAT IS TRAUMA?

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) describes trauma as **events or circumstances** experienced by an individual as **physically or emotionally harmful** or **life-threatening**, which result in adverse effects on the individual's **functioning and well-being**.



WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF TRAUMA ON HEALTH?

The Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE) Study, conducted by the CDC and Kaiser Permanente, revealed that the more an individual is exposed to a variety of stressful and potentially traumatic experiences, the greater the risk for **chronic health conditions** and **health-risk behaviors** later in life.



HOW CAN PROVIDERS BECOME TRAUMA-INFORMED?

Trauma-informed care acknowledges that understanding a patient's life experiences is key to potentially improving engagement and outcomes while lowering unnecessary utilization.

In order to be successful, trauma-informed care must be adopted at the **organizational and clinical levels**.



Organizational practices reorient the culture of a health care setting to address the potential for trauma in patients *and* staff:



- 1 Lead and communicate about being trauma-informed
- 2 Engage patients in organizational planning
- 3 Train both clinical and non-clinical staff
- 4 Create a safe physical and emotional environment
- 5 Prevent secondary traumatic stress in staff
- 6 Build a trauma-informed workforce

Clinical practices address the impact of trauma on individual patients:



- 7 Involve patients in the treatment process
- 8 Screen for trauma
- 9 Train staff in trauma-specific treatments
- 10 Engage referral sources and partner organizations



For more details, read CHCS' brief, *Key Ingredients for Successful Trauma-Informed Care Implementation*. Visit www.chcs.org for additional resources.